

1. a. 225° to radians

$$\Rightarrow 225^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} = \boxed{3.9269\dots}$$

b. 3.37 to degrees

$$\Rightarrow 3.37 \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = \boxed{193.087}$$

c. 638° to radians

$$\Rightarrow 638^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{180^\circ} = \boxed{11.135}$$

2. a.

$$r = .2m \Rightarrow 20 \text{ cm} \quad \theta = \frac{s}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{19}{20} = \boxed{.95 \text{ or } 54.43^\circ}$$

$$\theta = ?$$

$$s = 19 \text{ cm}$$

b.

$$r = 400 \text{ cm} \Rightarrow 40 \text{ m} \quad s = \theta r \Rightarrow s = 1.675(40) = \boxed{67.02 \text{ m}}$$

$$\theta = 96^\circ \Rightarrow 1.675\dots$$

$$s = ?$$

c.
 $r = ?$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$s = 100 \text{ m}$$

$$r = \frac{s}{\theta} \Rightarrow \frac{100}{1.57\dots} = \boxed{63.66 \text{ m}}$$

- 3
- a. i First, convert the speed in to $\frac{\text{in}}{\text{min}}$
 - radius is in inches, & we use minutes for our time
- $$\Rightarrow \frac{14 \text{ mi}}{\text{hr}} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mi}} \cdot \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ in}}{60 \text{ min}} = 20,064$$
- then, use $v = r\omega$ to find angular speed
- $$\Rightarrow v = r\omega \Rightarrow 20,064 = 12\omega \Rightarrow \omega = \boxed{1672 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{min}}}$$
- ii. recall that 1 revolution is 2π radians...
- $$\Rightarrow \omega = \frac{1672 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{min}}}{2\pi \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{rev}}} = \boxed{266.107 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}}}$$
- b. The units are already in the correct format, so no conversions are necessary, just divide the diameter by 2.
- $$\Rightarrow v = r\omega \Rightarrow 58,927 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{yr}} = 1616 \text{ mi} \cdot \omega$$
- $$\Rightarrow \omega = \boxed{38.87 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{yr}}}$$
- Next, find revolutions per year
- $$\Rightarrow \frac{58,927 \text{ rad}}{1616 \text{ yrs}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ rev}}{2\pi \text{ rad}} = \boxed{6.186 \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{yr}}}$$